

TRI

Richard the third, though he came in by blood, yet the short time of his *triumphal* reign he was without any, and proved one of my best lawgivers. *Howel's England's Tears.*

2. Happening every third year. *Howel's England's Tears.*

TRI'ER. *n. f.* [from *try*.] 1. One who tries experimentally. The ingenious *triers* of the German experiment found, that their glass vessel was lighter when the air had been drawn out than before by an ounce and very near a third. *Boyle.*

2. One who examines judicially. Courts of justice are bound to take notice of acts of parliament, and whether they are truly pleaded or not; and therefore they are the *triers* of them. *Hale.*

There should be certain *triers* or examiners appointed by the state to inspect the genius of every particular boy. *Speet.*

3. Test; one who brings to the test. You were used To say, extremity was the *trier* of spirits; That common chances common men could bear. *Shakespeare.*

To TRI'FALLOW. *v. a.* [*tres*, Latin, and *falga*, Saxon, a harrow.] To plow land the third time before sowing. *Bailey.*

The beginning of August is the time of *trifallowing*, or last plowing, before they sow their wheat. *Mortimer.*

TRI'FID. *adj.* [among botanists.] Cut or divided into three parts. *Bailey.*

TRI'FIDULARY. *adj.* [*tres* and *fidula*, Latin.] Having three pipes. Many of that species whose *trifidular* bill or crany we have beheld. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*

To TRI'FLE. *v. n.* [*triflen*, Dutch.] 1. To act or talk without weight or dignity; to act with levity; to talk with folly. When they saw that we ought to abrogate such popish ceremonies as are unprofitable, or else might have other more profitable in their stead, they *trifle* and they beat the air about nothing which toucheth us, unless they mean that we ought to abrogate all popish ceremonies. *Hooker.*

2. To mock; to play the fool. Do not believe, That, from the sense of all civility, I thus would play and *trifle* with your reverence. *Shakespeare.*

3. To indulge light amusement. To be of no importance. 'Tis hard for every *trifling* debt of two shillings to be driven to law. *Spenser.*

To TRI'FLE. *v. a.* To make of no importance. Not in use.

Threefold and ten I can remember well, Within the volume of which time I've seen Hours dreadful and things strange; but this fore night Hath *trifled* former knowings. *Shakespeare. Macbeth.*

TRI'FLE. *n. f.* [from the noun.] A thing of no moment. The instruments of darkness tell us truths; Win us with honest *trifles*, to betray us In deepest consequence. *Shakespeare. Macbeth.*

Old Chaucer doth of Topas tell, Mad Rabelais of Pantagruel, A later third of Dowdell, With such poor *trifles* playing: Others the like have labour'd at, Some of this thing, and some of that, And many of they know not what, But that they must be saying. *Drayton's Nymphid.*

The infinitely greatest confessed good is neglected, to satisfy the successive uneasiness of our desires pursuing *trifles*. *Locke.*

TRI'FLER. *n. f.* [*trifelaar*, Dutch.] One who acts with levity; one that talks with folly. A man cannot tell whether Apelles or Albert Durer were the more *triflers*, whereof the one would make a personage by geometrical proportions, the other by taking the best parts out of divers faces to make one excellent. *Bacon.*

Shall I, who can enchant the boist'rous deep, Bid Boreas halt, make hills and forests move, Shall I be baffled by this *trifler's* love. *Granville.*

As much as systematical learning is decried by some vain *triflers* of the age, it is the happiest way to furnish the mind with knowledge. *Watts.*

TRI'FLING. *adj.* [from *trifle*.] Wanting worth; unimportant; wanting weight. To a soul supported with an assurance of the divine favour, the honours or afflictions of this life will be equally *trifling* and contemptible. *Rogers's Sermons.*

TRIFLINGLY. *adv.* [from *trifling*.] Without weight; without dignity; without importance. Those who are carried away with the spontaneous current of their own thoughts, must never humour their minds in being thus *triflingly* busy. *Locke.*

TRI'FORM. *adj.* [*triformis*, Lat.] Having a triple shape. The moon her monthly round Still ending, still renewing through mid heav'n,

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With borrow'd light her countenance *transform* Hence fills, and empties, to enlighten th' earth. *Milton.*

TRI'GGER. *n. f.* [derived by *Junius* from *trigue*, Fr. from *tricare*, Lat.] 1. A catch to hold the wheel on steep ground. 2. The catch that being pulled looses the cock of the gun. The pulling the *trigger* of the gun with which the murder is committed, has no natural connection with those ideas that make up the complex one, murder. *Locke.*

TRING'NTALS. *n. f.* [from *triginta*, Latin, *thirty*.] Trentals or *tringintals* were a number of masses to the tale of thirty, instituted by Saint Gregory. *Ayliffe.*

TRI'GLYPH. *n. f.* [In architecture.] A member of the size of the Dorick order set directly over every pillar, and in certain spaces in the intercolumnations. *Harris.*

The Dorick order has now and then a sober garnishment of lion's heads in the cornice, and of *triglyphs* and metopes always in the frieze. *Wotton.*

TRI'GON. *n. f.* [*trigone*, Fr.] A triangle. A term in astrology. The ordinary height of a man ninety-six digits, the ancient Egyptians estimated to be equal to that mystical cubit among them filed pallus Ibis, or the *trigon* that the Ius makes at every step, consisting of three latera, each thirty-two digits. *Hale's Origin of Morals.*

TRI'GONAL. *adj.* [from *trigon*.] Triangular; having three corners. A spar of a yellow hue shot into numerous *trigonal* pointed shoots of various sizes, found growing to one side of a perpendicular fissure of a stratum of free-stone in digging. *Woodward on Fossils.*

TRIGONOMETRY. *n. f.* [*trigonometrie*, Fr.] *Trigonometry* is the art of measuring triangles, or of calculating the sides of any triangle sought, and this is plain or spherical. On a discovery of Pythagoras all *trigonometry*, and consequently all navigation, is founded. *Guarini.*

TRIGONOMETRICAL. *adj.* [from *trigonometry*.] Pertaining to trigonometry.

TRI'LAT'ERAL. *adj.* [*trilateral*, French; *tres* and *later*, Lat.] Having three sides.

TRI'LL. *n. f.* [*trille*, Italian.] Quaver; tremulousness of music. Long has a race of heroes fill'd the stage, That rant by note, and through the gamut rage, In songs and airs express their martial fire Combat in *trills*, and in a fugue expire. *Addison.*

To TRI'LL. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To utter quavering. Through the soft silence of the listening night The sober-suited songstress *trills* her lay. *Thomson.*

To TRI'LL. *v. n.* 1. To trickle; to fall in drops or slender streams. Did your letters pierce the queen to any demonstration of grief? I, she took 'em; read 'em in my presence; And now and then an ample tear *trill'd* down Her delicate cheek. *Shakespeare. King Lear.*

2. To play in tremulous vibrations of sound. Am I call'd upon the grave debate, To judge of *trilling* notes and tripping feet. *Dryden.*

TRI'LLION. *n. f.* [A word invented by *Locke*: *trillion*, Fr.] A million of millions of millions; a million twice multiplied by a million.

TRI'LU'MINAR. *adj.* [*triluminaris*, Latin.] Having three lights. *Diet.*

TRI'LU'MINOUS. *adj.* [*triluminosus*, Latin.] Having three lights. *Diet.*

TRI'UM. *adj.* [*trium*, Saxon, *completed*.] Nice; snug; dressed up. Tone paine in cottage doth take, When t'other *trium* bowers do make. *Tusser's Hyls.*

A *trium* exploit, a manly enterprize, To conjure tears up in a poor maid's eyes With your derision. *Shakespeare. A Midsummer Night's Dream.*

The Dorick order has, in comparison of those that follow, a more masculine aspect, and little *trimmer* than the Tuscan that went before, save a sober garnishment now and then of lions heads in the cornice, and of *triglyphs* and metopes always in the frieze. *Wotton's Architect.*

Doth thou not blush to live so like a beast, So *trim*, so dissolute, so loosely drest. *Dryden's Persius.*

To TRI'UM. *v. a.* [*trium*, Saxon, to build.] 1. To fit out. Malicious censurers ever, As rav'nous fishes do a vessel follow That is new *trimm'd*. *Shakespeare. Henry VIII.*

2. To dress; to decorate. Our youth got me to play the woman's part, And I was *trim'd* in Julia's gown. *Shakespeare. Twelfth Night.*

Pennyroyal and orpin they use in the country to *trim* their houses, binding it with a lath against a wall. *Bacon.*

Two arts attend architecture, like her principal gentlewomen, to dress and *trim* her, picture and sculpture. *Wotton.*

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The victim ox that was for altars prest, *Trim'd* with white ribbons aid with garlands drest, *Dryden's Georg.*

Sunk of himself. *Dryden's Georg.*

TRI'VE. *v. a.* To have; to clip. Mephiboseth had neither dressed his feet, nor *trimm'd* his beard. *2 Sam. xix. 24.*

Clip and *trim* those tender strings like a beard. *Brown.*

The barber may *trim* religion as he pleases. *Howel.*

Trim off the small superfluous branches. *Mortimer.*

4. To make neat; to adjust. I found her *trimming* up the diadem On her dead mistress. *Shakespeare. Ant. and Cleopatra.*

Go, sirrah, to my cell, as you look To have my pardon, *trim* it handily. *Shakespeare.*

Yet are the men more loose than they! More kemb'd, and bath'd, and rubb'd, and *trimm'd* More sleek, more soft, and flacker limb'd. *Benj. Johnson.*

To blast the living, gave the dead their due, And wretches, herself had tainted, *trimm'd* anew. *Tickell.*

When workmen put a piece into other work, they say they *trim* in a piece. *Moxon's Mech. Exercises.*

Each muse in Leo's golden days Starts from her trance, and *trims* her wither'd bays. *Pope.*

5. To balance a vessel. Sir Roger put his coachman to *trim* the boat. *Speclator.*

6. It has often *trim*ly. He gave you all the duties of a man, *Trim'd* up your praises with a princely tongue, *Shakespeare.*

Make your desertings like a chronicle. *Shakespeare.*

To TRI'VE. *v. n.* To balance; to fluctuate between two parties. If such by *trimming* and time-serving, which are but two words for the same thing, betray the church by nauseating her pious orders, this will produce confusion. *South's Sermon.*

For men to pretend that their will obeys that law, while all besides their will serves the faction; what is this but a gross, sultane juggling with their duty, and a kind of *trimming* it between God and the devil. *South's Sermons.*

He who heard what e'ry fool cou'd say, Would never fix his thought, but *trim* his time away. *Dryden's Hind and Panther.*

TRIM. *n. f.* Dress; gear; ornaments. They come like sacrifices in their *trim*, And to the five-eyed maid of smoaky war, All hot, and bleeding, will we offer them. *Shakespeare.*

Forget Your labourious and dainty *trims*, wherein You made great Juno angry. *Shakespeare. Cymbeline.*

The goodly London in her gallant *trim*, The phoenix daughter of the vanquish'd old, Like a rich bride does to the ocean swim, And on her shadow rides in floating gold. *Dryden.*

TRI'UMV. *adv.* [from *trim*.] Nicely; neatly. Her yellow golden hair Was *trimly* woven, and in tresses wrought. *Fairy Queen.*

The mother, if of the household of our lady, will have her son cunning and bold, in making him to live *trimly*. *Ascham.*

TRI'UMVIR. *n. f.* [from *trim*.] One who changes sides to balance parties; a turncoat. The fame bat taken after by a weazel begged for mercy: no, says the weazel, no mercy to a mouse: well, says t'other, but you may see by my wings that I am a bird; and so the bat 'scaped in both by having the *trimmer*. *L'Estrange's Fab.*

To confound his hated coin, All parties and religions join, Whigs, tories, *trimmers*. *Swift.*

2. A piece of wood inserted. Before they pin up the frame of ground-plates, they must fit in the summer and the girders, and all the joists and the *trimmers* for the stair-case. *Moxon's Mech. Exercises.*

TRI'UMVIR. *n. f.* [from *trim*.] Ornamental appendages to a coat or gown. Judgment without vivacity of imagination is too heavy, and like a dress without fancy; and the last without the first is too gay, and but all *trimming*. *Garth's Pref. to Ovid.*

TRI'UMVIR. *adj.* [*trinus*, Lat.] Threefold. Like many an angel's voice, Singing before th' eternal majesty, In their *trinal* triplicity on high. *Fa. Qu. b. i.*

That far-beaming blaze of majesty, Wherewith he went at heav'n's high council table To fit the midst of *trinal* unity, He laid aside. *Milton.*

TRI'UMVIR. *n. f.* [*trinus*, Fr. *trinus*, Latin.] An aspect of planets placed in three angles of a trigon, in which they are supposed by astrologers to be eminently benign. To th' other five, Their planetary motions, and aspects, In textile, square, and *trine*, and opposite, Of noxious efficacy. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. x.*

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Now frequent *trines* the happier lights among, And high-raisd Jove from his dark prison freed, Those weights took off that on his planet hung, Will gloriously the new-laid works succeed. *Dryden.*

From Aries right-ways draw a line, to end In the same round, and let that line subtend An equal triangle; now since the lines Must three times touch the round, and meet three signs, Where'er they meet in angles those are *trines*. *Greaves.*

To TRI'NE. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To put in a *trine* aspect. This advantage age from youth has won, As not to be outridden, though outrun; By fortune he was now to Venus *trin'd*. *Dryden.*

And with stern Mars in Capricorn was join'd. *Dryden.*

TRI'NITY. *n. f.* [*trinitas*, Lat. *trinité*, Fr.] The incomprehensible union of the three persons in the Godhead. Touching the picture of the *trinity*, I hold it blasphemous and utterly unlawful. *Pensham.*

In my whole clay there is not any thing like an objection against the *trinity*. *Locke.*

TRI'NET. *n. f.* [This *Skinner* derives somewhat harshly from *trinet*, Fr. *trinetto*, Ital. a top-sail. I rather imagine it corrupted from *tricket*, some petty finery or decoration.] 1. Toys; ornaments of dress; superfluities of decoration. Beauty and use can so well agree together, that of all the *trinkets* wherewith they are attired, there is not one but serves to some necessary purpose. *Shakespeare. b. ii.*

We'll see your *trinkets* here forthcoming all. *Shakespeare.*

They throng who should buy first, as if my *trinkets* had been hallow'd. *Shakespeare. Winter's Tale.*

Let her but have three wrinkles in her face, Soon will you hear the sawy steward say, Pack up with all your *trinkets* and away. *Dryden's Juv.*

She was not hung about with toys and *trinkets*, tweezer-cases, pocket-glasses. *Arbutnot's Hist. of John Bull.*

How Johnny wheedl'd, threat'n'd, fawn'd, Till Phyllis all her *trinkets* pawn'd. *Swift.*

2. Things of no great value; tackle; tools. What husbandlike husbands except they be fools, But handfom have storehouse for *trinkets* and tooles. *Tuff.*

Go with all your servants and *trinkets* about you. *L'Estr.*

TRI'NOLAR. *adj.* [*trinelaris*, Latin.] Vile; mean; worthless. Turn your libel into verse, and then it may pass current amongst the balladmongers for a *trinolar* ballad. *Chevel.*

To TRI'P. *v. a.* [*treper*, Fr. *trippen*, Dutch.] 1. To supplant; to throw by striking the feet from the ground by a sudden motion. He conjunct *Tripp'd* me behind. *Shakespeare.*

Be you contented, To have a son set your decrees at naught, To *trip* the course of law, and blunt the sword That guards the peace and safety of your person. *Shakespeare.*

2. To strike the feet from under the body. I *trip* up thy heels and beat thee. *Shakespeare.*

The words of Hobbes's defence *trip* up the heels of his cause; I had once resolved. To resolve presupposeth deliberation, but what deliberation can there be of that which is inevitably determined by causes without ourselves. *Bramhall.*

3. To catch; to detect. These women Can *trip* me, if I err; who, with wet cheeks, Were present when she finish'd. *Shakespeare. Cymbeline.*

To TRI'P. *v. n.* 1. To fall by losing the hold of the feet. Virgil is so exact in every word, that none can be changed but for a worse: he pretends sometimes to *trip*, but it is to make you think him in danger when most secure. *Dryden.*

2. To fail; to err; to be deficient. Saint Jerome, who pardons not over-easily his adversaries, if any where they chance to *trip*, presseth him as thereby making all sorts of men God's enemies. *Hooker, b. v.*

Many having used their utmost diligence to secure a retention of the things committed to the memory, cannot certainly know where it will *trip* and fail them. *South.*

Will shines in mixed company, making his real ignorance appear a seeming one: our club has caught him *tripping*, at which times they never spare him. *Addison's Spect. N. 1051.*

Several writers of uncommon erudition would expose my ignorance, if they caught me *tripping* in a matter of so great moment. *Addison's Spect. N. 223.*

3. To stumble; to titubate. I may have the idea of a man's drinking till his tongue *trips*, yet not know that it is called drunkenness. *Locke.*

4. To run lightly. In silence sad, *Trip* we after the night's shade. *Shakespeare.*

The old saying is, the third pays for all; the triplex, fir, is a good *tripping* measure. *Shakespeare. Twelfth Night.*